# **SPECIFICATION**

Device Name	:	Power MOSFET
Type Name	:	FMH28N50E
Spec. No.	:	MS5F6927
Date	:	Oct24-2007

Fuji Electric Device Technology Co.,Ltd.

	DATE	NAME	APPROVED		F	ıji Electric Device Tech	nology Co	. 1+	Ы
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CHECKED	Oct24-'07	)4. 0Ta	T. HOSEN		NO	MS5F6927			
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Revised Records							
Date	Classification	Index	Content	Drawn	Checked	Checked	Approved
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Fuji Ele	ctric Device Teo	chnolo	ogy Co., Ltd.	MS5F	6927	7	_  - -
-					5021	2/1	5 H04-004-03

This specifies Fuji Power MOSFET FMH28N50E
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2.Construction N-Channel enhancement mode power MOSFET

**3.Applications** for Switching

1.Scope

4.Outview TO-3P Outview See to 11/15 page

## 5.Absolute Maximum Ratings at Tc=25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Description	Symbol	Characteristics	Unit	Remarks
	V <sub>DS</sub>	500	V	
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSX</sub>	500	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =-30V
Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>	± 28	А	
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>DP</sub>	± 112	А	
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	± 30	V	
Repetitive and Non-Repetitive		20	Δ	Noto *1
Maximum Avalanche Current	I <sub>AR</sub>	28	A	Note *1
Non-Repetitive	E <sub>AS</sub>	1033.1	mJ	Note *2
Maximum Avalanche Energy	A3			
Repetitive Maximum Avalanche Energy	E <sub>AR</sub>	40	mJ	Note *3
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt	dV/dt	10.9	kV/μs	Note *4
Peak Diode Recovery -di/dt	-di/dt	100	A/ μ s	Note *5
Maximum Dowar Dissinction	D	2.50	W	Ta=25℃
Maximum Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	400		Tc=25°C
Operating and Storage	T <sub>ch</sub>	150	°C	
Temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C	

# 6.Electrical Characteristics at Tc=25°C (unless otherwise specified)

## **Static Ratings**

	5								
Description	Symbol	Conc	litions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit		
Drain-Source		I <sub>D</sub> =250 μ A							
Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		500	-	-	V		
Gate Threshold		I <sub>D</sub> =250 μ A							
Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> (th)	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$		2.5	3.0	3.5	V		
Zero Gate Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub> =500V V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	T <sub>ch</sub> =25°C	-	-	25			
Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =400V V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	T <sub>ch</sub> =125℃	-	-	250	μA		
Gate-Source		$V_{GS}$ = ± 30V							
Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V		-	10	100	nA		
Drain-Source		I <sub>D</sub> =14A							
On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS</sub> (on)	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V		-	0.16	0.19	Ω		
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Description	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Forward		I <sub>D</sub> =14A				
Transconductance	e g <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =25V	16	32	-	S
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> =25V	-	4400	6600	
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	-	420	630	1
Reverse Transfer		f=1MHz	-	32	48	pF
Capacitance	e Crss					
	td(on)	V <sub>cc</sub> =300V, V <sub>GS</sub> =10V	-	26	39	
Turn-On Time	tr	I <sub>D</sub> =14A, R <sub>GS</sub> =10Ω	-	14	21	1
	td(off)	See Fig.3 and Fig.4	-	144	216	ns
Turn-Off Time	tf	1	-	24	36	1
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> =250V, I <sub>D</sub> =28A	-	130	195	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V	-	30	45	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	See Fig.5	-	40	60	1

## **Reverse Diode**

Description	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Avalanche Capability		L=1.04mH Tch=25°C				
	I <sub>AV</sub>	See Fig.1 and Fig.2	28	-	-	А
Diode Forward		I <sub>F</sub> =28A				
On-Voltage	$V_{SD}$	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>ch</sub> =25°C	-	0.90	1.35	V
Reverse Recovery		I <sub>F</sub> =28A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				
Time	trr	-di/dt=100A/µs, Tch=25°C	-	0.72	-	μs
Reverse Recovery		See Fig.6				
Charge	Qrr		-	11.2	-	μ C

## 7.Thermal Resistance

Description	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Channel to Case	Rth(ch-c)			0.313	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	Rth(ch-a)			50.0	°C/W

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Note \*1 : Tch≤150°C, See Fig.1 and Fig.2

Note \*2 : Stating Tch=25°C, I<sub>AS</sub>=12A, L=13.2mH, Vcc=50V, R<sub>G</sub>=50 $\Omega$ , See Fig.1 and Fig.2 E<sub>AS</sub> limited by maximum channel temperature and avalanche current. See to 'Avalanche Energy' graph of page 9/15.

Note \*3 : Repetitive rating : Pulse width limited by maximum channel temperature. See to the 'Transient Themal impeadance' graph of page 9/15.

Note \*4 :  $I_F \le I_D$ , -di/dt=100A/  $\mu$  s, Vcc $\le$ BV<sub>DSS</sub>, Tch $\le$ 150°C.

Note \*5 :  $I_{F} \le I_{D}$ ,  $dv/dt = 10.9 kV/\mu$  s,  $Vcc \le BV_{DSS}$ ,  $Tch \le 150^{\circ}C$ .

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#### 8.Reliability test items

All guaranteed values are under the categories of reliability per non-assembled(only MOSFETs). Each categories under the guaranteed reliability conform to EIAJ ED4701/100 method104 standards.

Test items required without fail

Humidification treatment (85±2°C,65±5%RH,168±24hr)

Heat treatment of soldering (Solder Dipping,260±5°C(265°Cmax.),10±1sec,2 times)

	Test No.	Test Items	Testing methods and Conditions	Reference Standard	Sampling number	Acceptance number
	1	Terminal Strength (Tensile)	Pull force TO-220,TO-220F : 10N TO-3P,TO-3PF,TO-247 : 25N TO-3PL : 45N T-Pack,K-Pack : 10N Force maintaining duration :30±5sec	EIAJ ED4701/400 method 401	15	
spo	2	Terminal Strength (Bending)	Load force TO-220,TO-220F : 5N TO-3P,TO-3PF,TO-247 : 10N TO-3PL : 15N T-Pack,K-Pack : 5N Number of times :2times(90deg./time)	EIAJ ED4701/400 method 401	15	
Mechanical test methods	3	Mounting Strength	Screwing torque value: (M3) TO-220,TO-220F : 40±10N•cm TO-3P,TO-3PF,TO-247 : 50±10N•cm TO-3PL : 70±10N•cm	EIAJ ED4701/400 method 402	15	(0:1)
Mechanica	4	Vibration	frequency : 100Hz to 2kHz Acceleration : 200m/s <sup>2</sup> Sweeping time : 4min. 48min. for each X,Y&Z directions.	EIAJ ED4701/400 method 403	15	
	5	Shock	Peak amplitude: 15km/s <sup>2</sup> Duration time : 0.5ms 3times for each X,Y&Z directions.	EIAJ ED4701/400 method 404	15	
	6	Solderability	Solder temp. : 245±5°C Immersion time : 5±0.5sec Each terminal shall be immersed in the solder bath within 1 to 1.5mm from the body.		15	
	7	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Solder temp. : 260±5°C Immersion time : 10±1sec Number of times : 1times	EIAJ ED4701/300 method 302	15	

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	Test	Test	Testing methods and Conditions	Reference	Sampling	Acceptanc
	No.	Items		Standard	number	number
	1	High Temp.	Temperature : 150+0/-5°C	EIAJ	22	
		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr	ED4701/200		
				method 201		
	2	Low Temp.	Temperature : -55+5/-0°C	EIAJ	22	
		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr	ED4701/200		
				method 202		
	3	Temperature	Temperature : 85±2°C	EIAJ		
		Humidity	Relative humidity : 85±5%	ED4701/100	22	
ds		Storage	Test duration : 1000hr	method 103		
ţþ	4	Temperature	Temperature : 85±2°C	EIAJ		
nel		Humidity	Relative humidity : 85±5%	ED4701/100	22	
str		BIAS	Bias Voltage : V <sub>DS</sub> (max) × 0.8	method 103		
ţê			Test duration : 1000hr			
Climatic test methods	5	Unsaturated	Temperature : 130±2°C	EIAJ		(0:1)
Ĕ		Pressurized	Relative humidity : 85±5%	ED4701/100	22	. ,
Ū		Vapor	Vapor pressure : 230kPa	method 103		
			Test duration : 48hr			
	6	Temperature	High temp.side : 150±5°C/30min.	EIAJ		
		Cycle	Low temp.side : -55±5°C/30min.	ED4701/100	22	
			RT : 5°C ~ 35°C/5min.	method 105		
			Number of cycles : 100cycles			
	7	Thermal Shock	Fluid : pure water(running water)			
			High temp.side : 100+0/-5°C	EIAJ	22	
			Low temp.side : 0+5/-0°C	ED4701/300		
			Duration time : HT 5min,LT 5min	method 307		
			Number of cycles : 100cycles			
s	8	Intermittent	ΔTc=90degree	EIAJ		
ğ		Operating	Tch≦Tch(max.)	ED4701/100	22	
let		Life	Test duration : 3000 cycle	method 106		
stπ	9	HTRB	Temperature : Tch=150+0/-5°C	EIAJ		
tes		(Gate-source)	Bias Voltage : +V <sub>GS</sub> (max)	ED4701/100	22	(0:1)
Endurance test methods			Test duration : 1000hr	method 101		
aŭ	10	HTRB	Temperature : Tch=150+0/-5°C	EIAJ		
dur		(Drain-Source)	Bias Voltage : V <sub>DS</sub> (max)	ED4701/100	22	
Ĕ			Test duration : 1000hr	method 101		

#### Failure Criteria

	e Criteria			<b>A</b> 1. 1	T
		Symbols	Failure	Criteria	Unit
	Item		Lower Limit	Upper Limit	
	Breakdown Voltage	BVDSS	LSL		V
ics	Zero gate Voltage Drain-Source Current	IDSS		USL	А
ical	Gate-Source Leakage Current	IGSS		USL	А
Electrica	Gate Threshold Voltage	VGS(th)	LSL	USL	V
Electrical Characteristics	Drain-Source on-state Resistance	RDS(on)		USL	Ω
ວ	Forward Transconductance	gfs	LSL		S
	Diode forward on-Voltage	VSD		USL	V
ew	Marking				
Outview	Soldering		With eyes or Micr	oscope	
ō	and other damages				
	* LSL : Lower Specification Limit	* USL : Upp	er Specification Li	mit	
	* Before any of electrical characteristics mea	asure, all test	ing related to the h	numidity	
	have conducted after drying the package s		•	•	
	have conducted after alying the package c				
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# 9. Cautions

- Although Fuji Electric is continually improving product quality and reliability, a small percentage of semiconductor products may become faulty. When using Fuji Electric semiconductor products in your equipment, you are requested to take adequate safety measures to prevent the equipment from causing physical injury, fire, or other problem in case any of the products fail. It is recommended to make your design fail-safe, flame retardant, and free of malfunction.
- The products described in this Specification are intended for use in the following electronic and electrical equipment which has normal reliability requirements.
  - Computers · OA equipment
  - Machine tools
    AV equipment
- $\cdot$  Communications equipment(Terminal devices)

Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.)

Burglar alarms, fire alarms, emergency equipment

- pment · Measurer
- Personal equipment · Industrial robots
- Measurement equipment
- · Electrical home appliances etc.
- The products described in this Specification are not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems used under life-threatening situations. If you are considering using these products in the equipment listed below, first check the system construction and required reliability, and take adequate safety measures such as a backup system to prevent the equipment from malfunctioning.
  - Backbone network equipment
    Traffic-signal control equipment

Medical equipment

- · Gas alarms, leakage gas auto breakers
- · Submarine repeater equipment
- Nuclear control equipment etc.
- Do not use the products in this Specification for equipment requiring strict reliability such as(but not limited to):
  Aerospace equipment
  Aeronautical equipment

# <u>10. Warnings</u>

- The MOSFETs should be used in products within their absolute maximum rating(voltage, current, temperature, etc.).
- · The MOSFETs may be destroyed if used beyond the rating.
- We only guarantee the non-repetitive and repetitive Avalanche capability and not for the continuous Avalanche capability which can be assumed as abnormal condition .Please note the device may be destructed from the Avalanche over the specified maximum rating.
- The equipment containing MOSFETs should have adequate fuses or circuit breakers to prevent the equipment from causing secondary destruction.
- Use the MOSFETs within their reliability and lifetime under certain environments or conditions. The MOSFETs may fail before the target lifetime of your products if used under certain reliability conditions.
- · You must careful handling of MOSFETs for ESD damage is an important consideration.
- $\cdot$  When handling MOSFETs, hold them by the case (package) and don't touch the leads and terminals.
- It is recommended that any handling of MOSFETs is done while used electrically conductive floor and tablemats that are grounded.

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- $\cdot$  Before touching a MOSFETs terminal, discharge any static electricity from your body and clothes by grounding out through a high impedance resistor (about 1M $\Omega$ )
- When soldering, in order to protect the MOSFETs from static electricity, ground the soldering iron or soldering bath through a low impedance resistor.
- You must design the MOSFETs to be operated within the specified maximum ratings(voltage, current, temperature, etc.) to prevent possible failure or destruction of devices.
- · Consider the possible temperature rise not only for the channel and case, but also for the outer leads.
- Do not directly touch the leads or package of the MOSFETs while power is supplied or during operation ,to avoid electric shock and burns.
- The MOSFETs are made of incombustible material. However, if a MOSFET fails, it may emit smoke of flame. Also, operating the MOSFETs near any flammable place or material may cause the MOSFETs to emit smoke or flame in case the MOSFETs become even hotter during operation. Design the arrangement to prevent the spread of fire.
- The MOSFETs should not used in an environment in the presence of acid, organic matter, or corrosive gas(hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas etc.)
- · The MOSFETs should not used in an irradiated field since they are not radiation-proof.

#### Installation

• Soldering involves temperatures which exceed the device storage temperature rating. To avoid device damage and to ensure reliability, observe the following guidelines from the quality assurance standard.

Solder temperature and duration (through-hole package)

Solder temperature	Duration	
260±5 ℃	10±1 seconds	
350±10 ℃	3.5±0.5 seconds	

- The immersion depth of the lead should basically be up to the lead stopper and the distance should be a maximum of 1.5mm from the device.
- $\cdot$  When flow-soldering, take care to avoid immersing the package in the solder bath.
- Refer to the following torque reference When mounting the device on a heat sink. Excess torque applied to the mounting screw causes damage to the device and weak torque will increase the thermal resistance, both of which conditions may destroy the device.

Table 1: Recommended tightening torques.

Package style	Screw	Tightening torques	Note
TO-220	M3	30 – 50 Ncm	
TO-220F			flatness : < ±30µm
TO-3P			roughness : <10µm
TO-3PF	M3	40 – 60 Ncm	Plane off the edges :
TO-247			C<1.0mm
TO-3PL	M3	60 –80 Ncm	

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- The heat sink should have a flatness within±30μm and roughness within 10μm. Also, keep the tightening torque within the limits of this specification.
- · Improper handling may cause isolation breakdown leading to a critical accident.
- ex.) Over plane off the edges of screw hole. (We recommend plane off the edge is C<1.0mm)
- We recommend the use of thermal compound to optimize the efficiency of heat radiation. It is important to evenly apply the compound and to eliminate any air voids.

Storage

- The MOSFETs must be stored at a standard temperature of 5 to 35°C and relative humidity of 45 to 75%.
- If the storage area is very dry, a humidifier may be required. In such a case, use only deionized water or boiled water, since the chlorine in tap water may corrode the leads.
- The MOSFETs should not be subjected to rapid changes in temperature to avoid condensation on the surface of the MOSFETs. Therefore store the MOSFETs in a place where the temperature is steady.
- The MOSFETs should not be stored on top of each other, since this may cause excessive external force on the case.
- The MOSFETs should be stored with the lead terminals remaining unprocessed. Rust may cause presoldered connections to go fail during later processing.
- · The MOSFETs should be stored in antistatic containers or shipping bags.

# 11. Compliance with pertaining to restricted substances

11-1) Compliance with the RoHS Regulations and Exemptions

This product will be fully compliant with the RoHS directive (Directive 2002/95/EC of the european parliament and the council of 27 January 2003).

Five out of six substances below which are regulated by the RoHS directive in Europe are not included in this product. The exception is only lead.

The RoHS directive has some exemptions. The following relates to this product : Lead in high melting temperature type solders (Sn-Pb solder alloy which contains more than 85%)

This product is used to the high melting temperature type solders (Sn-Pb solders) for die-bonding. Moreover, the terminals used lead-free solder.

\* The six substances regulated by the RoHS Directive are: Lead, Mercury, Hexavalent chromium, Cadmium, PBB (polybrominated biphenyls), PBDE (polybrominated diphenyl ethers).

The maximum concentration value of the six substances in this product conforms to the Commission decision 2005/618/EC of EU of 18 August 2005.

11-2) Compliance with the calss-1 ODS and class-2 ODS. (ODS: Ozone-Depleting Substances)

This products does not contain and used the "Law concerning the Protection of the Ozone Layer through the Control of Specified Substances and Other Measures (JAPAN)", and the Montreal Protocol.

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- If you have any questions about any part of this Specification, please contact Fuji Electric Device Technology or its sales agent before using the product.
- Neither Fuji nor its agents shall be held liable for any injury caused by using the products not in accordance with the instructions.
- The application examples described in this specification are merely typical uses of Fuji Electric Device Technology products.
- This specification does not confer any industrial property rights or other rights, nor constitute a license for such rights.

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